# 2023 Tax Law Changes – PSO

As of November 1, 2023



- Who qualifies as a PSO?
  - Public Safety Officers who served in an official capacity as:
    - Law enforcement officer.
    - Firefighter.
    - Member of rescue squad or ambulance crew.
    - Chaplain to one of the above groups.

- Removes the requirement that PSO health coverage be paid directly from the retirement plan.
- The PSO taxpayer retired either because of a disability or they reached their normal retirement age.
- The retirement plan must be a plan maintained by the employer from which the taxpayer retired as a public safety officer.

- Removes the requirement that PSO health coverage be paid directly from the retirement plan.
- Can be paid out of pocket (written proof not required).
- Cost of premiums for accident, health, and long-term care insurance up to the lesser of \$3,000 or the taxable amount of the distribution (for taxpayer, spouse or dependents)
- If both spouses are retired PSOs, each can exclude \$3,000 but premiums are split between the two

- Long-term care insurance not limited by premium limits in Schedule A.
- Includes Medicare (don't double the deduction!)
- Includes PSO disability distribution.
- Amount excluded cannot be used in Itemized deductions or self-employed health insurance deduction. Any excess can be used in those areas.

#### WHAT I NEED TO KNOW

- Did taxpayer and/or spouse retire as a public service officer?
- Did they make any medical insurance payments for taxpayer, spouse, dependents (directly or through deduction)?
- Amount up to \$3,000 deducted from gross distribution to determine taxable amount of distribution.
- Additional amount paid over \$3,000 may be deductible elsewhere.

#### Are these statements true?

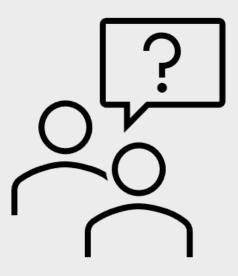
- 1. The health insurance payments that the PSO makes for the spouse and dependents can be deducted from the Gross Distribution to determine the taxable amount.
- 2. The payments the spouse makes for health insurance can be deducted from the Gross Distributions to determine the taxable amount.
- 3. The health insurance payments the dependent makes can be deducted from the Gross Distribution to determine the Taxable Amount.

#### Are these statements true?

- 1. The health insurance payments that the PSO makes for the spouse and dependents can be deducted from the Gross Distribution to determine the taxable amount. Yes
- 2. The payments the spouse makes for health insurance can be deducted from the Gross Distributions to determine the taxable amount. Yes
- 3. The health insurance payments the dependent makes can be deducted from the Gross Distribution to determine the Taxable Amount. No

#### **Questions?**

Any additional questions?



Best place to find answers?

**NTTC Pub 4012**